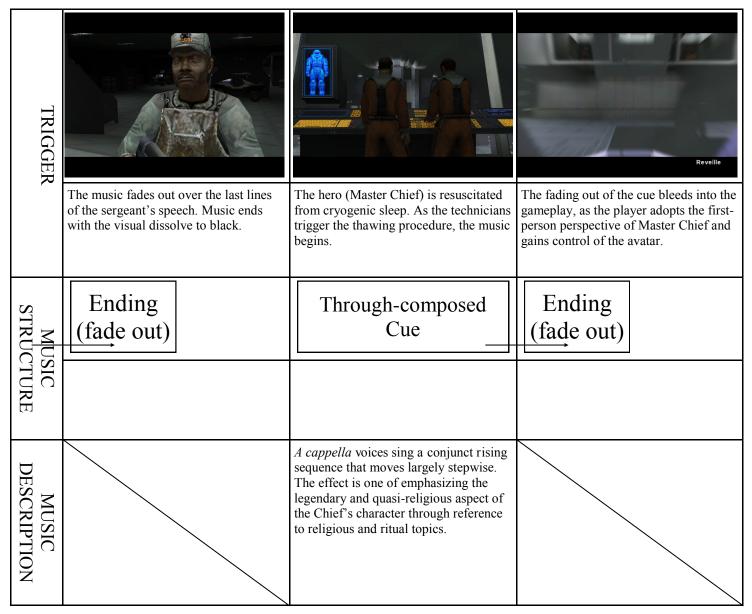
TRIGGER	Fade in from black. The Halo object is seen clearly as the spaceship approaches it. Captain Keyes and the ship's intelli-	Scene changes to a military hanger in a different part of ship. Troops assemble and the commanding officer begins a	Music finishes with the end of the ser- geant's speech. The speech content dif- fers depending on difficulty settings, so	Music begins after the sergeant dismisses the troops. Troops disperse into the body of the ship.
N STR	gent computer ('Cortana') discuss the situation. Through-composed Cue	pep talk speech.	exact moment of musical change is dic- tated by game settings.	Through-composed Cue
MUSIC STRUCTURE		Through-composed Cue		
MUSIC DESCRIPTION	Andante mid-range minor mode string chorale topic. Cue possibly emulates Barber's <i>A dagio for Strings</i> , invoking that particular work's accumulated cine- matic associations.	First and second cue fade into one an- other. Second cue consists of timpani, cymbals and snare drum. The cue is a subtly-varying loop on basic military rhythms in duple compound time. This is structured so as to build towards a climax at the end of the cue (increasing frequency of cymbal crashes and rolls, denser rhythmic patterns).		This cue is based upon material from the previous cue, but now with the addi- tion of melodic material in the form of lower string instruments playing pedal notes and alternating tonic and domi- nant pitches in a militaristic rhythm taken from the snare drum part in the preceding cue.

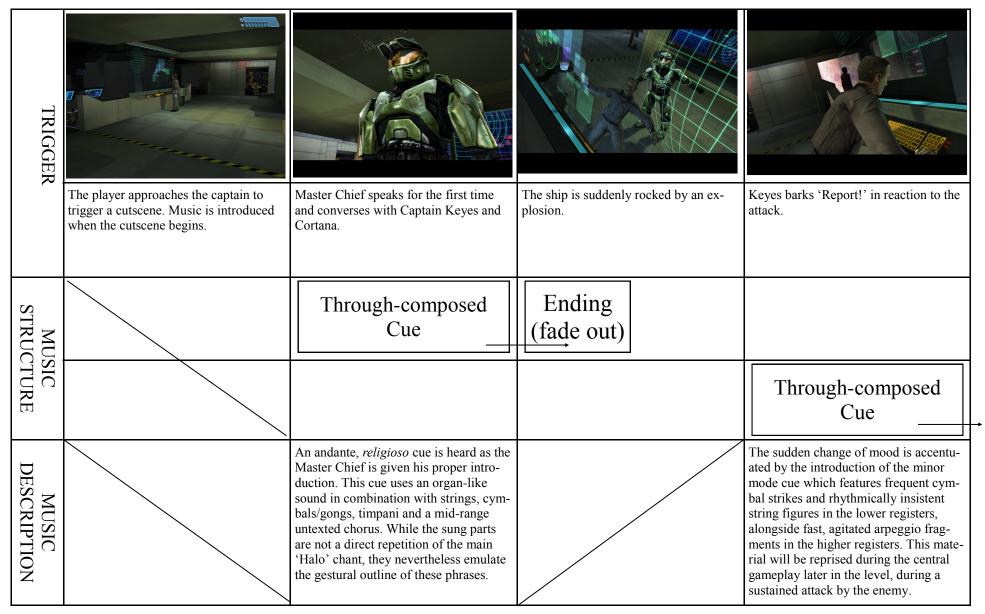
Halo Level 1: Pillar of Autumn, opening cutscene, part 1 of 2.



Halo Level 1: Pillar of Autumn, opening cutscene, part 2 of 2.

TRIGGER	The player walks towards the doorway to trigger the other character to react. This character's reaction, in turn, causes a 'scripted moment' of explosions, with which music begins.	As player approaches door in the darkness, it opens, revealing a mysterious monster that is only partially visible. Once the monster is defeated, the player may move beyond the doorway to the next area and continue through the level.	Arriving at the spaceship's bridge is the objective of this part of the mission. As the player approaches the safe area of the bridge, the music fades out.
MUSIC STRUCTURE	Intro	Second Fragment Set Choral Variation (one fragment)	Ending (fade out)
$\frac{2}{3}$	<i>Halo</i> 's engine selects cue fragments from a sample library, played in a ran- domized order. The cue uses a drum loop as the basis of variation. Timpani accentuate the compound metre, playing tonic and flattened 7th pitches. Cymbal crashes and a struck metallic sound are added in some fragments. One fragment interrupts the drums with a gong and low string pedal notes. The music pro- vides propulsion and a sense of urgency.	At whatever point the door opens to reveal the monster, the high, dissonant string stinger chord will immediately play, superimposed upon the background musical material. This moment also serves as a trigger point that commands the music system to move to the next set of fragments. The new fragment set maintains the underlying drum architecture of the previous loop, but adds a female vocalist singing in an improvisatory style that mimics Qawwali chant signing. The effect for the player is that this musical element is 'added' to the score. The choral variation fragment maintains some of the 6/8 rhythms, but removes the more abrasive sonorities. Above this percussion ostinato, male voices sing open-vowel vocalizations in a reprise of a choral figure from the 'thaw' cue heard earlier. This chant would seem to relate to the Master Chief, while the Qawwali refers to the aliens.	

Halo Level 1: Pillar of Autumn, gameplay section 1, part 1 of 1.



Halo Level 1: Pillar of Autumn, mid-level cutscene, part 1 of 2.

TRIGGER	Attention turns to the Halo object. It is revealed that Halo will be the Chief's (and the human characters') destination. The mysteriousness of Halo is emphasized.	Keyes gives orders to the Chief (and, by proxy, the player), outlining his (and the player's) objectives for the next part of the game. Cortana is transferred to Master Chief.	A splayer regains control of the character, and the view changes to the first-person, the previous cue crossfades into a loop which is maintained during the gameplay section that immediately follows.	
MUSIC STRUCTURE	Through-composed Cue	Ending (fade out)	Intro	
	Ending (fade out)	Through-composed Cue	Ending (fade out)	
MUSIC DESCRIPTION	The 'action cue' fades into a quieter section of music which features the opening 'Halo chant', but here heard in upper strings and female voices, against harmonizing string parts in a high regis- ter. The phrases of the chant alternate between being string-led and chorus-led. This securely associates the main theme with the Halo object.	The cue begins as a reprise of the musical material from the opening of this cutscene, but introduces the female chorus towards the end of the phrase. This combination is used as a method to extend the passage through melodic variations. The chorus and upper strings form a homo- phonic texture which ascends to a high register, creating an ethereal effect. It may well be that the female-gendered AI construct is here represented by the women's voices. Just as Cortana is joined with the Master Chief, so the female chorus is combined with the musical material previously heard when the Master Chief first spoke.	As the screen fades to white and the play- er is returned to the first-person view- point, the previous cue blends into a low string pedal note which will be sustained until a trigger point later in the level. The music here serves to bridge the division between the non-interactive cutscene and the main gameplay, smoothing over and providing continuity to the change of in- teraction mode.	

Halo Level 1: Pillar of Autumn, mid-level cutscene, part 2 of 2.

TRIGGER	Get off the Piller of Autumn 4205 4233 47455 7745 77455 7745 77455 77455 77455 77455 77455 77455 77455 77455 77455 77455 7745 77457 77457 7747 77457 7747777 77777 777777	Moving beyond a door threshold (shown	Walking through this doorway triggers	When the player moves sufficiently far
	of the cutscene.	above) triggers the cue's ending tag.	a scripted moment where the ship shakes and with this event a new cue begins.	forward, or is in a position to see around the next corner, an attack by the aliens occurs.
MUSIC STRUCTURE	Intro (as earlier)	Ending (fade out)	Intro	Ending (fade out)
				Intro
MUSIC DESCRIPTION	The three sound tags of this cue (start of note, constant sustain of note, end of note) are used to create a low string pe- dal pitch that continues until the player enters the room indicated in the screen- shot in next column.	The pedal note ends by the music system playing the end tag. At this point, how- ever, there is a bug in the music system. Upon certain actions by the player (often, if he/she progresses through the doorway and into the body of the room too quickly), the 'fade out' end tag is not played, and the note is abruptly silenced.	This cue uses fragments that constitute three low-string phrases, which are randomly cued in turn and all feature a constant lower pedal note. Above this pedal, which acts a tonic, a second part plays pitches from the minor scale, degrees one to five, in a sequence (phrases 1 and 2) or a simple descend- ing phrase (phrase 3).	While the string cue fades out, a percussion pattern begins featuring a variety of drums (similar to the first in-game cue, but in simple time), and a synthesizer timbre similar to pizzi- cato strings. As though to accentuate the syn- thetic nature of this sound, more realistic pizzi- cato string sounds are introduced in an upper register. Might these timbres represent the human ('true'/'non-synthesized') in contrast with the alien ('false'/'synthesized')?

Halo Level 1: Pillar of Autumn, gameplay section 2, part 1 of 3.

TRIGGER				
	When the player moves towards the light- er end of corridor the introduction of the new musical element to the loop is prompted.	Moving beyond the door threshold trig- gers the score to play an ending tag after the conclusion of the current loop.	The score begins again when moving through a doorway (pictured) into the maintenance shaft. This part of the level challenges the player to avoid the ene- mies by remaining undetected.	Back in the main corridor, approaching this doorway trips a trigger that stops the score fragments from playing.
MUSIC STRUCTURE				
TURE	Second Fragment •	End tag (two versions: one to conclude horn variations, one if second fragment set has not sounded)	Randomly cued short fragments from group	Stop playing fragments
MUSIC DESCRIPTION	Player exploration triggers a switch of frag- ment sets to one that includes horn melodies. This structures the progression of play and might reward and encourage the player. Much of the horn material is based on the 'Halo' theme, with one fragment featuring a rhythmi- cally augmented sounding of the motif. The theme's presence reminds the player of the narrative context as the humans battle the al- iens for control of Halo. If the player moves through the level quickly, a musically appro- priate moment to begin the second fragment set is not reached and the music is not heard.	Once the player passes the trigger point, the tutti ending tag is cued to play. This forms a distinctive and decisive end to the cue, which emphasizes a cinematic aesthetic, rather than simply using a fade-out as an ending, which can seem an obvious solution to the uncer- tainty of play duration in a game. This ending is impactful in its clear definition. Two end- ing cue fragments are available: one to con- clude the second fragment set (horn varia- tions), and one to end the cue if the horn variations have not yet played.	Rather than using a single continuous loop, for this sequence, the music system plays musical fragments performed by string instruments, separated by musical silence. Often, these fragments use ex- tended string techniques: one fragment is an aleatoric-sounding mass of small os- cillating glissandi, another, many instru- ments playing <i>col legno</i> . At other times, such fragments consist of pitches com- bined in turn to build up chords.	With the frequent silences in the previ- ous cue, it is often difficult to tell ex- actly when the music has stopped play- ing. This is an alternative way of con- cluding a scored sequence, rather than fading the cue out or programming an ending tag.

Pillar of Autumn, gameplay section 2, part 2 of 3.

TRIGGER	After another section of the level set in the access corridors, the player must exit into the main hallway of the ship to trig- ger the final battle of the level. Opening the shown door prompts the cue to ac- company this last firefight.	Moving towards the archway triggers the variation set to be cued and start playing at the next musically- appropriate juncture.	To trigger the level's final cutscene, the player must walk towards the remaining escape pod. The music may continue into the cutscene if the 'end tag' has not finished sounding before the cutscene begins.	During cutscene, music begins when the escape pod's doors close. Master Chief and the marines depart the ship and aim to land on Halo.
MUSIC STRUCTURE	Intro	Second Fragment Set	End tag	Through-composed Cue
MUSIC DESCRIPTION	This cue helps to create the climax to the level and clearly punctuates the be- ginning of the 'action sequence' at the end of the level. The cue consists of low strings playing rhythmic repeated fig- ures on a single pitch, with timpani, an untuned drum, and a snare drum. This musical material is borrowed from the cue that follows Keyes's line, 'Report!' in the cutscene described above.	The variation fragment set introduces string interjections of fast, angular frag- ments and an organ part. The organ and string parts provide antiphonal interplay over the ostinato from the first fragment set. This musical material is directly reprised from the cutscene, unifying the game between modes of interaction, through the music.	A definitive end is provided to the loop, finishing with an extended low string pedal pitch and cymbal crash. This not only provides a sense of finality but prepares the game rhythm for the end-of -level cutscene. If there is insufficient time for the end tag to sound, the score is simply faded out.	The music does not begin immediately with the start of the cutscene. Instead it is trig- gered midway through the sequence. This allows the 'end' music tag from the previous cue to be played without interruption. In this lifepod full of marines, it is appropriate that the material from the marine cutscene at the start of the level returns. Quickly added to this music are choral elements, and an or- chestral texture is built that culminates in a spectacular tutti.

Halo Level 1: Pillar of Autumn, gameplay section 2, part 3 of 3.